

## Sheet 3

Topic: Locomotion, Differential drive kinematics

Due date: 06.05.2016

### Exercise 1: Locomotion

A robot equipped with a differential drive starts at position  $x = 1.0m$ ,  $y = 2.0m$  and with heading  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ . It has to move to the position  $x = 1.5m$ ,  $y = 2.0m$ ,  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$  (all angles in radians). The movement of the vehicle is described by steering commands ( $v_l$  = speed of left wheel,  $v_r$  = speed of right wheel,  $t$  = driving time).

- (a) What is the minimal number of steering commands  $(v_l, v_r, t)$  needed to guide the vehicle to the desired target location?
- (b) What is the length of the shortest trajectory under this constraint?
- (c) Which sequence of steering commands guides the robot on the shortest trajectory to the desired location if an arbitrary number of steering commands can be used?
- (d) What is the length of this trajectory?

Note: the length of a trajectory refers to the travelled distance along the trajectory.

### Exercise 2: Differential Drive Implementation

Write a function in Octave that implements the forward kinematics for the differential drive as explained in the lecture.

- (a) The function header should look like  
`function [x_n y_n theta_n]=diffdrive(x, y, theta, v_l, v_r, t, l)`  
where  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $\theta$  is the pose of the robot,  $v_l$  and  $v_r$  are the speed of the left and right wheel,  $t$  is the driving time, and  $l$  is the distance between the wheels of the robot. The output of the function is the new pose of the robot  $x_n$ ,  $y_n$ , and  $\theta_n$ .
- (b) After reaching position  $x = 1.5m$ ,  $y = 2.0m$ , and  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$  the robot executes the following sequence of steering commands:
  - (a)  $c_1 = (v_l = 0.3m/s, v_r = 0.3m/s, t = 3s)$

(b)  $c_2 = (v_l = 0.1m/s, v_r = -0.1m/s, t = 1s)$

(c)  $c_3 = (v_l = 0.2m/s, v_r = 0m/s, t = 2s)$

Use the function to compute the position of the robot after the execution of each command in the sequence (the distance  $l$  between the wheels of the robot is  $0.5m$ ).